

Financial Statements

Cancer Assistance Program

December 31, 2014

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### Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Board of Directors of Cancer Assistance Program

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cancer Assistance Program, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

### Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the organization derives revenue from donations and special events, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenue, deficiency of revenue over expenses and net assets.

#### Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at December 31, 2014 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Comparative Information

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 3 to the financial statements which describes that Cancer Assistance Program adopted Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations on January 1, 2014 with a transition date of January 1, 2013. These standards were applied retrospectively by management to the comparative information in these financial statements, including the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2013 and January 1, 2013, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2013 and related disclosures. We were not engaged to report on the restated comparative information, and as such, it is neither audited nor reviewed.

Burlington, Canada April 22, 2015 Chartered Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Cast Taste III

# **Cancer Assistance Program Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets**

Year ended December 31	2014	2013 (unaudited)
Revenue Donations and special events Gifts in kind Interest and other	\$ 294,690 33,918 30,739 359,347	\$ 257,705 12,090 26,130 295,925
Expenses (Note 12) Salaries and wages Patients' services Fundraising Administration Public relations Occupancy Gifts in kind (Note 10) Amortization Professional fees Rental property Interest and bank charges	175,525 89,963 55,532 46,585 31,826 30,691 22,977 15,388 9,786 5,651 2,188	154,563 77,996 48,905 17,888 11,574 21,777 - 11,949 2,028 - 1,601
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ (126,765)</u>	\$ (52,356)
Net assets, beginning of year	\$1,617,511	\$1,669,867
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(126,765)	(52,356)
Net assets, end of year	\$1,490,746	\$1,617,511

# Cancer Assistance Program Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2014	2013 (unaudited)	January 1, 2013 (unaudited)
Assets Current Cash Accounts receivable Harmonized sales tax receivable Investments (Note 4)	\$ 209,412 4,197 18,255 846,179	\$ 93,731 9,168 12,050 1,128,254	\$ 171,723 8,269 7,316 1,164,175
Property and equipment (Note 5) Revenue producing property (Note 6)	1,078,043 443,141 295,346 \$1,816,530	1,243,203 374,722 - \$1,617,925	1,351,483 318,844 
Liabilities Current Bank indebtedness (Note 7) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 299,426 26,358 325,784	\$ - 414 414	\$ - 460 460
Net assets Unrestricted Internally restricted (Note 8)	935,746 555,000 1,490,746 \$1,816,530	1,617,511 - 1,617,511 \$1,617,925	1,669,867 - 1,669,867 \$1,670,327
Commitments (Note 9)			
On behalf of the board			
Director			_ Director

# Cancer Assistance Program Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31	nded December 31 2014	
Increase (decrease) in cash		
Operating Deficiency of revenue over expenses Item not affecting cash Amortization of property and equipment	\$ (126,765) 15,388	\$ (52,356) 11,949
Change in non-cash working capital items Accounts receivable Harmonized sales tax receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(111,377) 4,971 (6,205) 25,944 (86,667)	(40,407) (5,633) - (46) (46,086)
Investing Investments Purchase of property and equipment Purchase of revenue producing property	282,075 (83,807) (295,346) (97,078)	35,921 (67,827) - (31,906)
Decrease in cash (bank indebtedness)	(183,745)	(77,992)
Cash (bank indebtedness) Beginning of year End of year	93,731 \$ (90,014)	<u>171,723</u> \$ 93,731

December 31, 2014

#### 1. Nature of operations

The Cancer Assistance Program is a not-for-profit organization operating as a registered charity within the meaning assigned in Section 149 of the Income Tax Act, and as a result, is exempt from income tax. The organization's purpose is to provide services to individuals and families affected by cancer in the Hamilton region.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant policies are detailed as follows:

#### Revenue recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Contributions from donations and special events are recognized as revenue when received.

Investment revenue is recognized as earned.

#### **Financial instruments**

Measurement

The organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value.

The organization subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost include bank indebtedness, accounts receivable, harmonized sales tax receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value include investments.

#### Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. Previously recognized impairment losses are reversed to the extent of the improvement provided the asset is not carried at an amount, at the date of the reversal, greater than the amount that would have been the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized previously. The amounts of any write-downs or reversals are recognized in the statement of operations. There were no impairment losses recognized in the year.

December 31, 2014

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Property and equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed property and equipment are recorded at fair value at the date of their contribution. Property and equipment are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the related assets at the following rates:

Buildings 4% Declining balance Furniture and fixtures 20% Declining balance Signs 20% Declining balance

The organization regularly reviews its property and equipment to eliminate obsolete items.

Property and equipment acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use. In the year of acquisition, one-half of the applicable rate is applied.

The organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an item of property and equipment may not be recoverable. The recoverability of long-lived assets is based on the net recoverable amounts determined on an undiscounted cash flows basis. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its net recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent that fair value is below the asset's carrying amount. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices when available, otherwise on discounted cash flows over the life of the asset. There were no impairment losses recognized in the year.

#### Revenue producing property

Revenue producing property is recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Revenue producing property is amortized over the estimated useful lives of the property at 4% Declining balance.

Revenue producing property acquired during the year but not placed into use is not amortized until it is placed into use.

#### **Donated material and services**

The organization records the fair value of donated materials and services, determined based on arm's length market values, which they would normally have incurred as operating expenses with the exception of volunteer time.

Donated capital and marketable securities are recorded at their fair value on the date of the donation.

December 31, 2014

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### **Management estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to income in the year in which they become known.

Items subject to significant management estimates include estimated useful lives of property and equipment.

#### 3. Impact of the change in the basis of accounting

These financial statements are the first financial statements for which the organization has applied Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO"). The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 were prepared in accordance with ASNPO. Comparative period information presented for the year ended December 31, 2013 was prepared in accordance with ASNPO and the provisions set out in Section 1501 First-time adoption by not-for-profit organizations.

The date of transition to ASNPO is January 1, 2013. The organization's transition to ASNPO has had no significant impact on opening net assets as at January 1, 2013 or the statement of operations and changes in net assets for the year ended December 31, 2013 or the statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Although the statement of financial position as at January 1, 2013 has been provided, the reconciliations and disclosures required by Section 1501 First-time adoption by not-for-profit organizations for the net assets at the transition date, the comparative period increase in net assets and the cash flow statement are not necessary and have not been presented in these financial statement notes.

#### 4. Investments

The organization's investments consist of:

	 2014	( <u>un</u> :	2013 audited)	January 1, 2013 (unaudited)
Guaranteed investment certificates Mutual funds	\$ 562,904 283,275	\$	966,456 161,798	\$1,134,772 29,403
	\$ 846,179	\$1	,128,254	\$1,164,175

December 31, 2014

5. Property ar	nd equipment		2014	2013 (unaudited)	January 1, 2013 (unaudited)
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Land Buildings Furniture and	\$ 95,000 356,642	\$ - 27,242	\$ 95,000 329,400	\$ 95,000 270,087	\$ - -
fixtures Signs	25,441 597	6,938 359	18,503 238	9,337 298	
	\$ 477,680	\$ 34,539	\$ 443,141	\$ 374,722	\$ -

#### 6. Revenue producing property

			2014	2013 ( <u>unaudited)</u>	January 1, 2013 ( <u>unaudited)</u>
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Revenue producing properties	\$ 295,346	\$ -	<u>\$ 295,346</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>

There was no amortization recorded in the year as the property was not ready for its intended use as at December 31, 2014.

#### 7. Credit facilities

The organization's credit facilities include a line of credit in the amount of \$300,000, bearing interest at prime plus 0.50% per annum. As at year end, the amount outstanding on this credit facility is \$299,000 (2013 - \$nil; 2012 - \$nil). During the year, the credit facility was used for the acquisition of the revenue producing property.

This facility is secured by guaranteed investment certificates held by the organization.

#### 8. Internally restricted

The internally restricted net assets represent amounts restricted by the organization as security over the line of credit and credit cards as well as future capital projects.

December 31, 2014

#### 9. Commitments

The organization has the following annual operating lease commitments with respect to equipment:

2015	\$ 4,000
2016	4,000
2017	1,000

#### 10. Donations in-kind

These financial statements include donations in-kind of \$34,000 (2013 - \$12,000) recorded in contributions revenue at their fair value. The offsetting amounts have been recorded in gifts in kind expense and capitalized to equipment for \$23,000 (2013 - \$12,000) and \$11,000 (2013 - \$nil), respectively.

#### 11. Financial instruments

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the organization's risk exposures and concentrations at December 31, 2014:

#### Price risk

Price risk relates to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices of securities held. The organization is exposed to price risk through its investments quoted in active markets. There was no significant change in exposure from the prior year.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The organization is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its floating interest rate credit facilities. There was no significant change in exposure from the prior year.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. There was no significant change in exposure from the prior year.

#### 12. Restructuring costs

During the year, there was a transition in senior leadership of the organization which resulted in one-time restructuring costs. The costs were incurred in the year in order to better position the organization for it's future operations.